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TECHNICAL DATA DHY TESTREPORT LTF DHY TESTREPORT EN DATASHEET PRINT

Deutscher Hängegleiterverband e.V.

TESTREPORT LTF 2014



ZOOM XA LT 115

Type designation ZOOM XA LT 115 Type test reference no DHV GS-01-2979-25

Holder of certification Papesh GmbH

Manufacturer Papesh GmbH

Classification A

Winch towing Yes

Number of seats min / max 1/1

Accelerator Yes

Trimmers No.



BEHAVIOUR AT MIN WEIGHT IN BEHAVIOUR AT MAX WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (120KG) FLIGHT (95KG)

Test pilots



No release

Mario Ede

No release

Infl	ation	ı/tal	ke-off

Α

Rising behaviour Smooth, easy and constant rising

Special take off technique required No

Smooth, easy and constant rising

Landing

Special landing technique required No

Speeds in straight flight

Trim speed more than 30 km/h Yes

Speed range using the controls larger than 10 Yes km/h

Minimum speed Less than 25 km/h

Less than 25 km/h

Control movement

Symmetric control pressure Increasing

Symmetric control travel Greater than 60 cm

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward less than 30°

Increasing

Yes

Greater than 65 cm

Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight

Dive forward less than 30°

Collapse occurs No

Pitch stability operating controls during

accelerated flight Collapse occurs No

Roll stability and damping Α

Oscillations Reducing

Reducina

Stability in gentle spirals Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit

Spontaneous exit

Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive A

Initial response of glider (first 180°) Immediate reduction of rate of turn Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)

Turn angle to recover normal flight Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Immediate reduction of rate of turn Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing) Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Symmetric front collapse https://service.dhv.de/db1/technictestreport2.php?lang=en&item=-4011

_	Keeping course No	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course No
Unaccelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	A	A
-	Keeping course No	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course No no
Accelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	A	A
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
-	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
Change of course		Keeping course
Cascade occurs		No
Folding lines used	110	no
Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)	A	A
Deep stall achieved	Yes	Yes
•	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
	Changing course less than 45°	Changing course less than 45°
Cascade occurs	No	No
High angle of attack recovery	A	A
L	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Cascade occurs	·	No
Recovery from a developed full stall	A	A
Dive forward angle on exit		Dive forward 0° to 30°
-	No collapse	No collapse
Cascade occurs (other than collapses)	Less than 45°	No Less than 45°
_	Most lines tight	Most lines tight
Small asymmetric collapse	А	A
Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°	Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°
	Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course		Less than 360°
	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Twist occurs Cascade occurs		No No
Folding lines used		no
Large asymmetric collapse	A	Α
Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle	_	Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
	Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course	No (or only a small number of collapsed	Less than 360° No (or only a small number of
Twist occurs	cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Cascade occurs		No
Folding lines used		no
Small asymmetric collapse accelerated	Α	Α
Change of course until re-inflation		Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle	_	Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
Re-inflation behaviour Total change of course	Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°
_	No (or only a small number of collapsed	No (or only a small number of
Twist occurs	cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	re inflation)
Cascade occurs		No
Folding lines used		no

ge asymmetric collapse accelerated A	A
Change of course until re-inflation Less than 90°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
Re-inflation behaviour Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course Less than 360°	Less than 360°
Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of colla cells with a spontaneous re inflation	
Twist occurs No	No
Cascade occurs No	No
Folding lines used no	no
ectional control with a maintained //mmetric collapse	A
Able to keep course Yes	Yes
180° turn away from the collapsed side Yes possible in 10 s	Yes
Amount of control range between turn and More than 50 % of the symmetric of stall or spin travel	control More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel
m speed spin tendency	A
Spin occurs No	No
w speed spin tendency	A
Spin occurs No	No
covery from a developed spin	A
Spin rotation angle after release Stops spinning in less than 90° Cascade occurs No	Stops spinning in less than 90° No
ine stall A	A
Change of course before release Changing course less than 45°	Changing course less than 45°
Behaviour before release Remains stable with straight span	Remains stable with straight spar
Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
Cascade occurs No	No
ears	A
Entry procedure Standard technique	Standard technique
Behaviour during big ears Stable flight	Stable flight
Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
ears in accelerated flight	A
Entry procedure Standard technique	Standard technique
Behaviour during big ears Stable flight	Stable flight
Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°
Behaviour immediately after releasing the Stable flight accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight
and the second s	A
ernative means of directional control A	
ernative means of directional control A 180° turn achievable in 20 s Yes	Yes
	Yes No
180° turn achievable in 20 s Yes	

No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual